

This Month's Quiz...

We skimmed through a few videos and some of our articles in the LayPerson's Guide for this quiz.

Try and match column two with column one. Good luck!!

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|----------------------------------|-------|---|
| 1. Conductive Hearing Loss | _____ | In the ear hearing aid |
| 2. Sensorineural Hearing Loss | _____ | Hearing Loss in both ears |
| 3. HAC | _____ | is a problem conducting sound waves anywhere along the route through the outer ear , tympanic membrane (eardrum), or middle ear (ossicles). |
| 4. Bilateral Hearing Loss | _____ | Completely in the canal hearing aid |
| 5. Directional Microphones | _____ | In KY, a Doctor (Aud.D.) who specializes in identifying, diagnosing, treating and monitoring disorders of the auditory and vestibular system portions of the ear |
| 6. CI | _____ | A graph that shows the audible threshold for standardized frequencies as measured by an audiometer. The Y axis represents intensity measured in decibels and the X axis represents frequency measured in Hertz. |
| 7. Audiogram | _____ | Mini Behind the ear hearing aid |
| 8. Audiologist | _____ | FCC required hearing aid compatibility |
| 9. Hearing Instrument Specialist | _____ | a surgically implanted electronic device in the cochlea that provides a sense of sound to a person who is profoundly deaf or severely hard of hearing |
| 10. BTE | _____ | Behind the ear hearing aid |
| 11. ITE | _____ | is a type of hearing loss , or deafness , in which the root cause lies in the inner ear (cochlear), vestibulocochlear nerve (cranial nerve VIII), or central processing centers of the brain |
| 12. ITC | _____ | Invisible in the canal hearing aid |
| 13. CIC | _____ | Select and fit hearing aids for customers. Administer and interpret tests of hearing. Assess hearing instrument efficacy. Take ear impressions and prepare, design, and modify ear molds. |
| 14. IITC | _____ | one that picks up sound from a certain direction |
| 15. MBTE | _____ | In the canal hearing aid |

Answers

1.	Conductive Hearing Loss	_11_	In the ear hearing aid
2.	Sensorineural Hearing Loss	_4_	Hearing Loss in both ears
3.	HAC	_1_	is a problem conducting sound waves anywhere along the route through the outer ear , tympanic membrane (eardrum), or middle ear (ossicles) .
4.	Bilateral Hearing Loss	_13_	Completely in the canal hearing aid
5.	Directional Microphones	_8_	In KY, a Doctor (Aud.D.) who specializes in identifying, diagnosing, treating and monitoring disorders of the auditory and vestibular system portions of the ear
6.	CI	_7_	a graph that shows the audible threshold for standardized frequencies as measured by an audiometer. The Y axis represents intensity measured in decibels and the X axis represents frequency measured in Hertz.
7.	Audiogram	_15_	Mini Behind the ear hearing aid
8.	Audiologist	_3_	FCC required hearing aid compatibility
9.	Hearing Instrument Specialist	_6_	a surgically implanted electronic device in the cochlea that provides a sense of sound to a person who is profoundly deaf or severely hard of hearing
10.	BTE	_10_	Behind the ear hearing aid
11.	ITE	_2_	is a type of hearing loss , or deafness , in which the root cause lies in the inner ear (cochlear) , vestibulocochlear nerve (cranial nerve VIII) , or central processing centers of the brain
12.	ITC	_14_	Invisible in the canal hearing aid
13.	CIC	_9_	Selects and fits hearing aids for customers. Administers and interprets tests of hearing. Assesses hearing instrument efficacy. Take ear impressions and prepare, design, and modify ear molds.
14.	IITC	_5_	one that picks up sound from a certain direction
15.	MBTE	_11_	In the canal hearing aid